



Ministry of Health

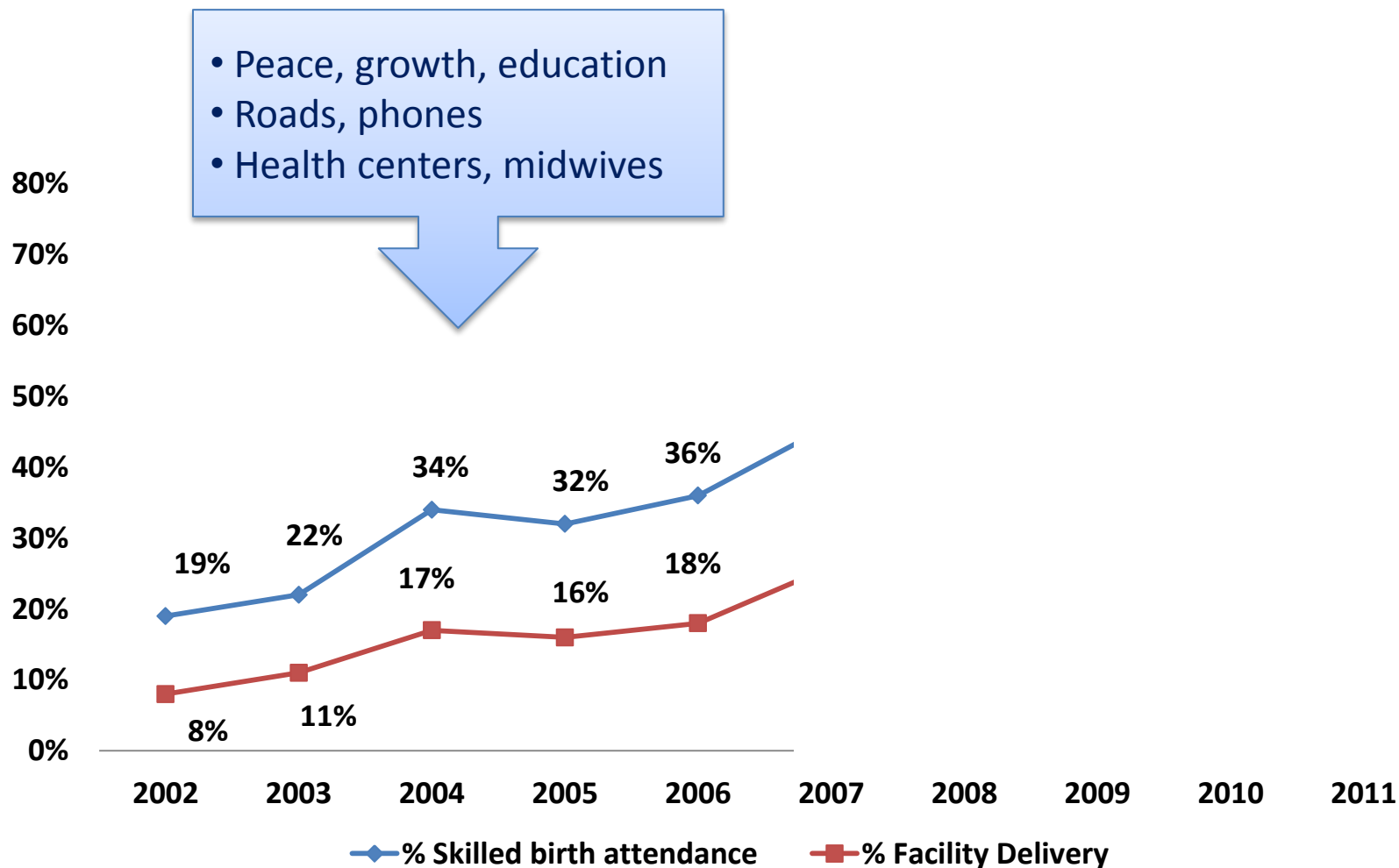
Celebrating Progress and Accelerating Action
23 April, 2012 Washington , DC

Saving mothers' lives

*Experiences from
Cambodia*



Interventions for Maternal Health In Cambodia

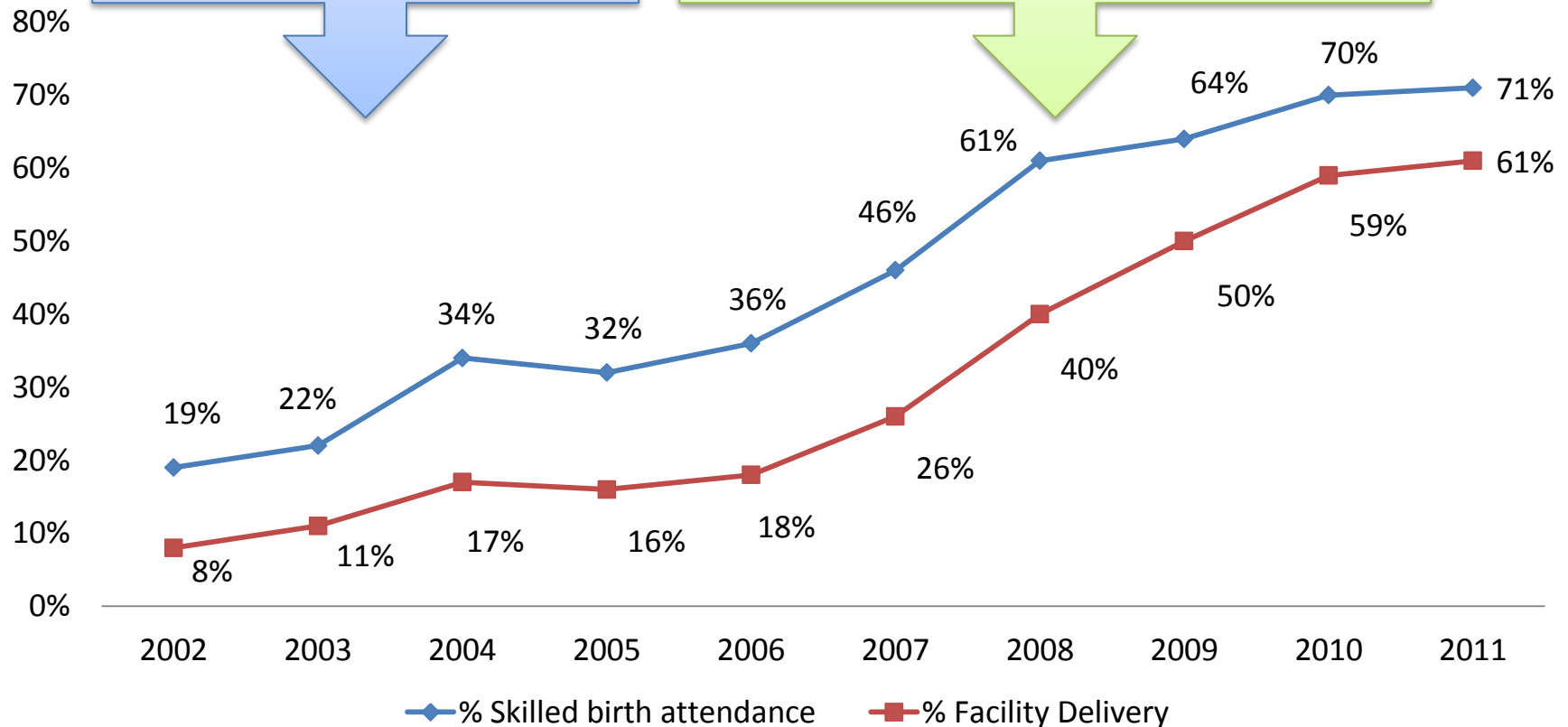


Source: National Health Statistics MoH 2002-2011. Mainly public sector

Interventions for Maternal Health In Cambodia

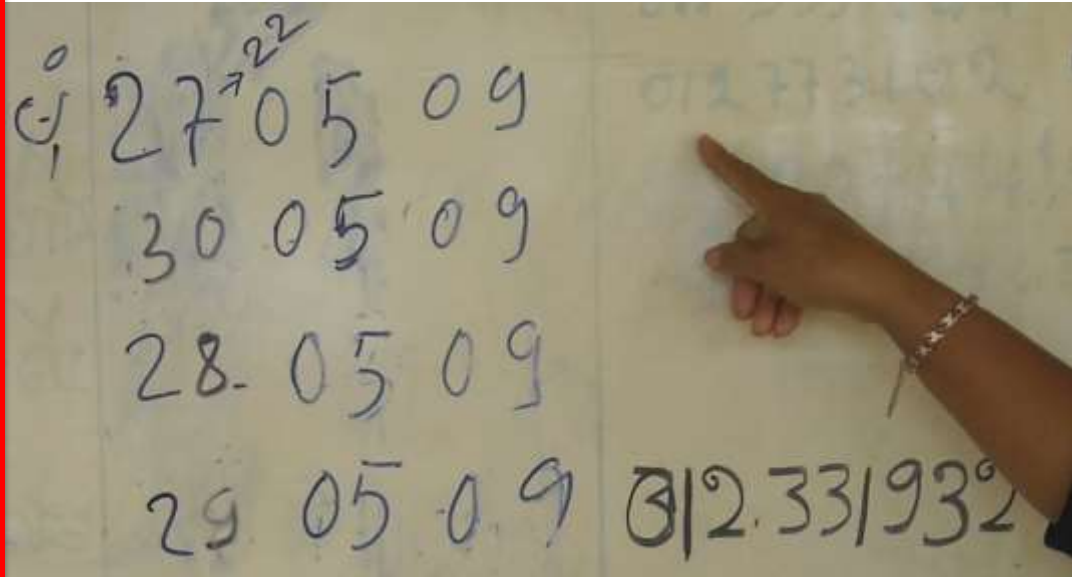
- Peace, growth, education
- Roads, phones
- Health centers, midwives

- Removing financial barriers:
 - Health equity funds
 - Live birth incentive (\$15-HC, \$10 RH)



Source: National Health Statistics MoH 2002-2011. Mainly public sector

The Midwife is available around the clock, all week



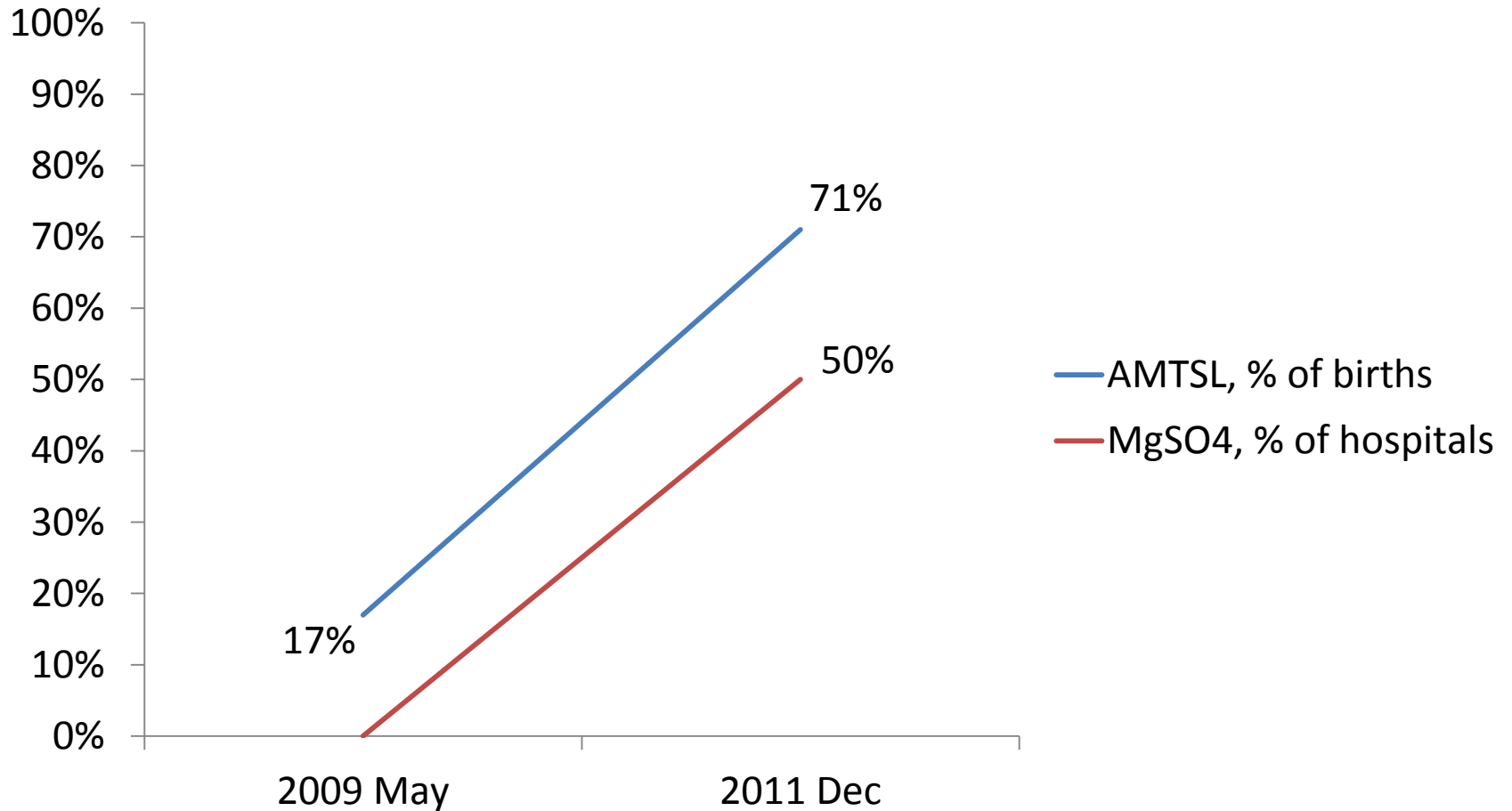
**Leaves her cell phone number
Resides close, can be reached**



Secondary midwife at HC

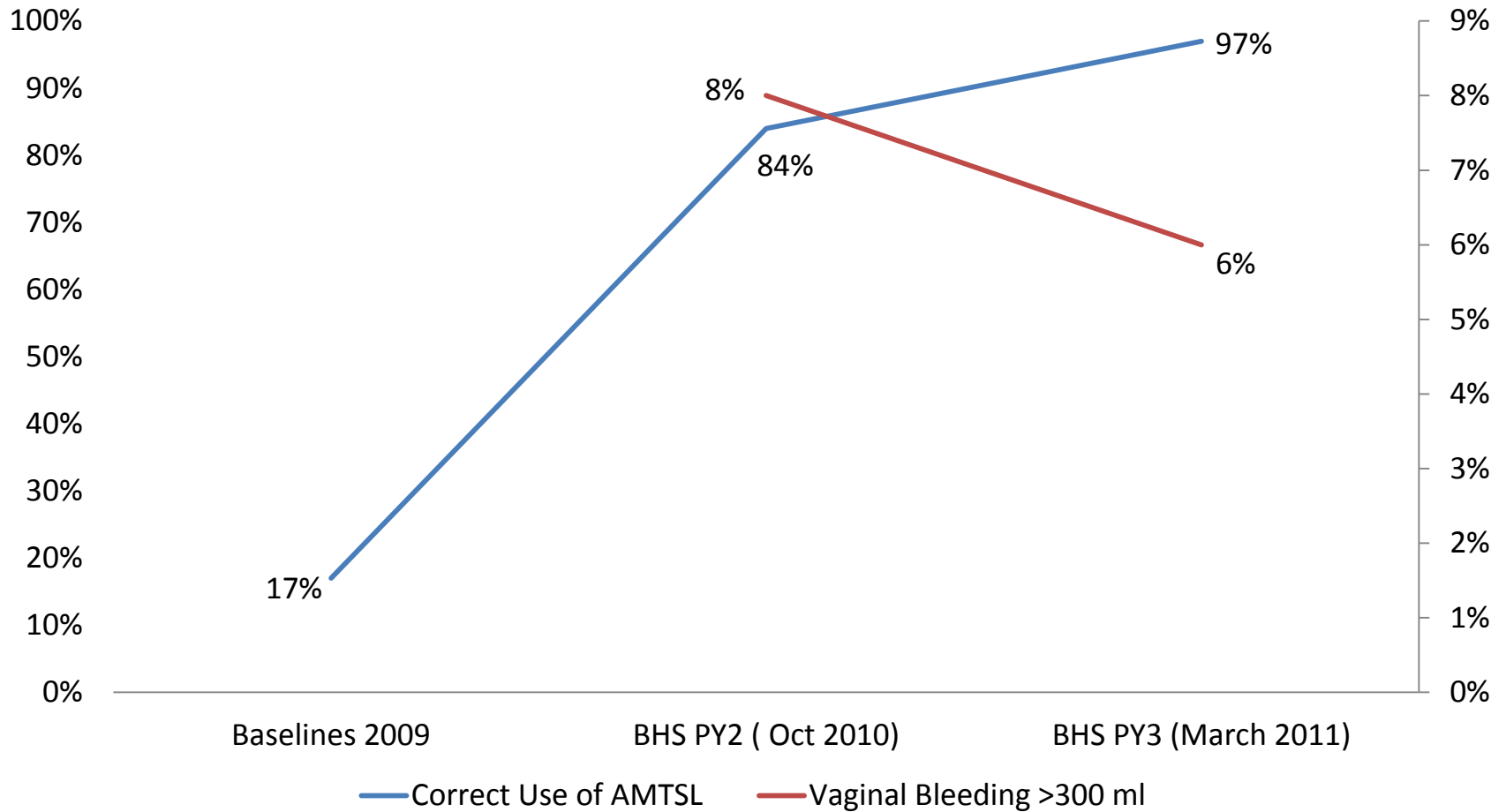
AMTSL and MgSO4 use 2009 and 2011

2009: 141 births in 31 hospitals, 2011: 61 births in 16 hospitals



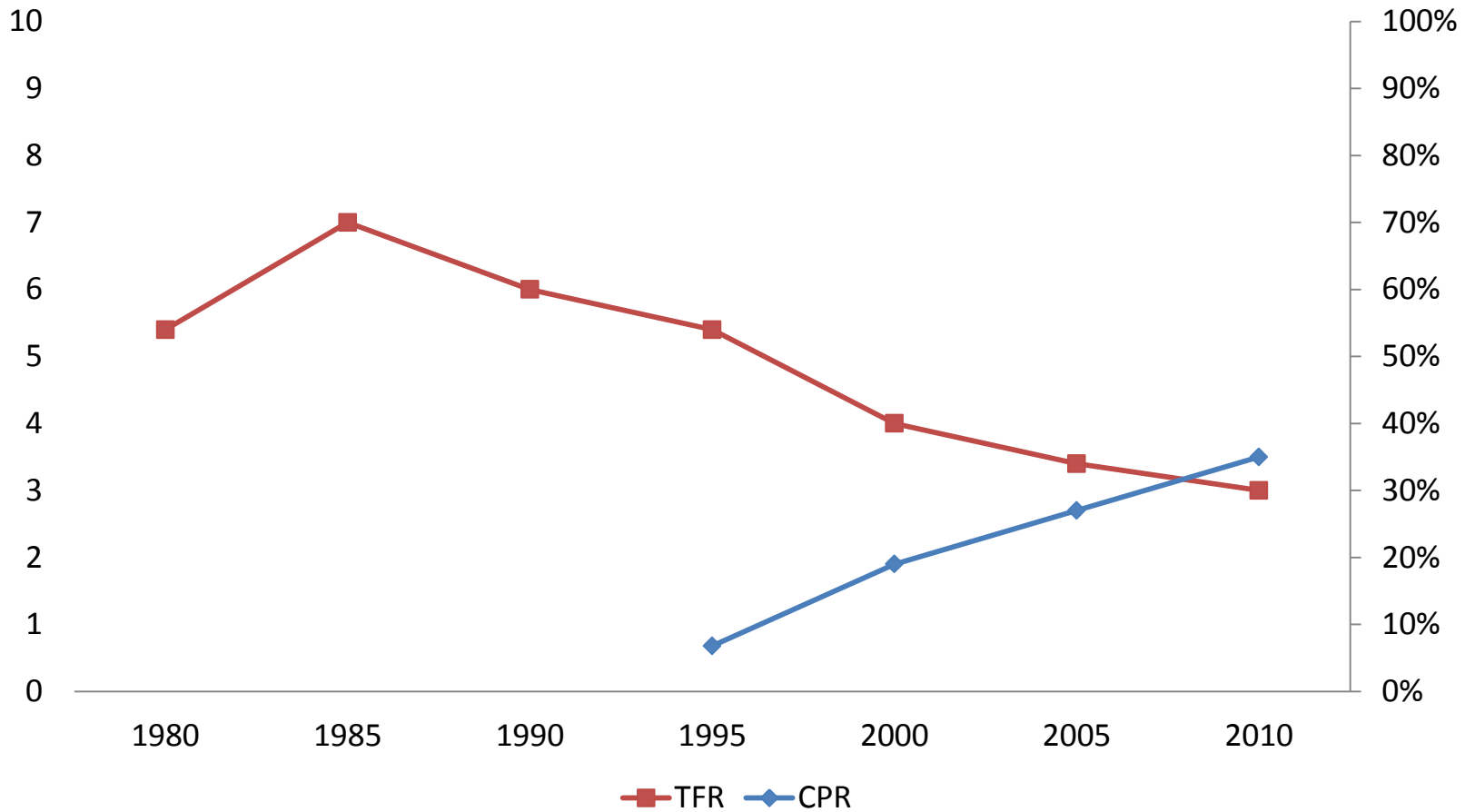
AMTSL improvement and bleeding

Correct Use of AMTSL in 9 USAID/BHS-supported Hospitals
March 2011 (Partograph Review of 2657 Delivery Cases)



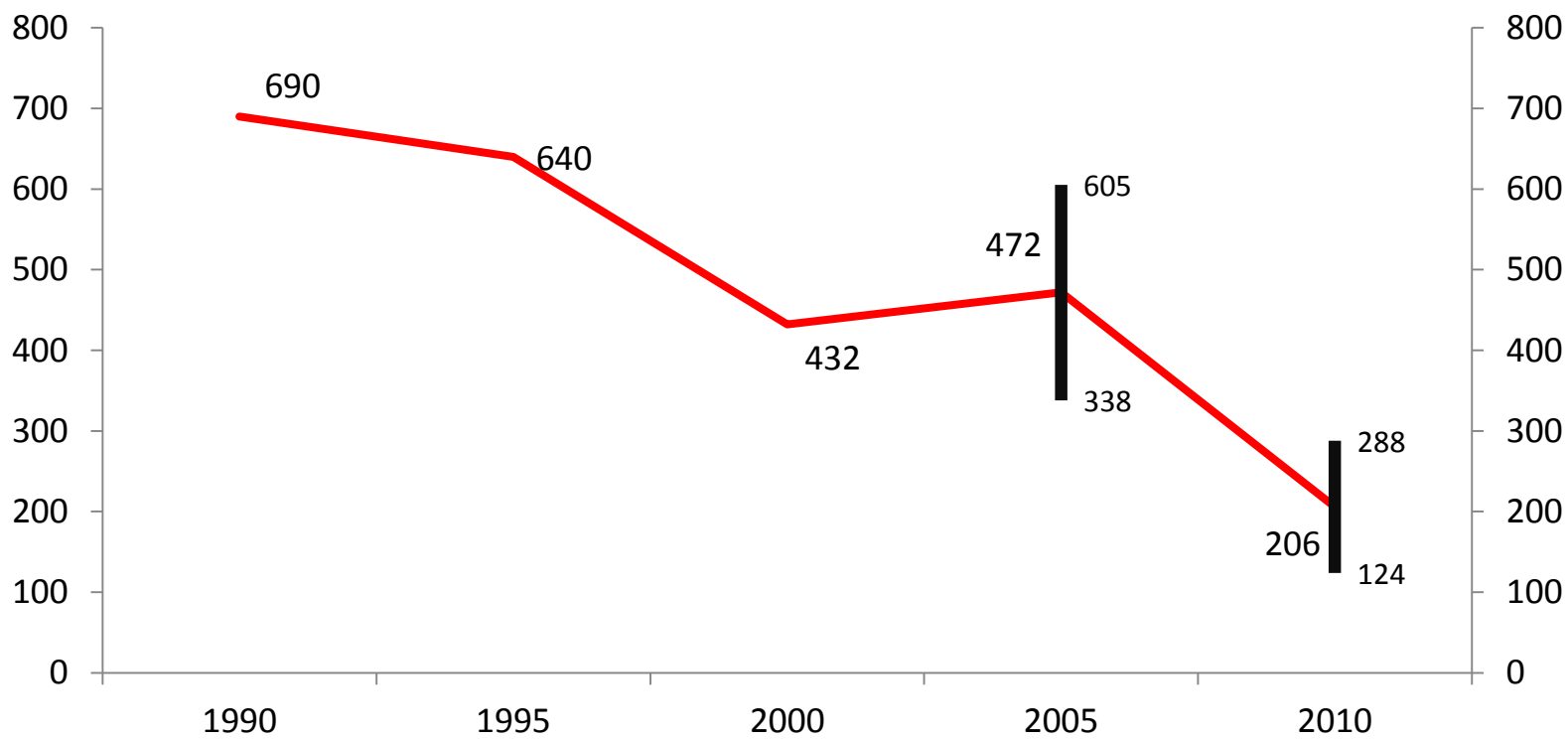
Birth per woman (TFR) vs. Contraceptive prevalence

Saving mothers' lives _ Experiences from Cambodia



Source: CDHS, UN

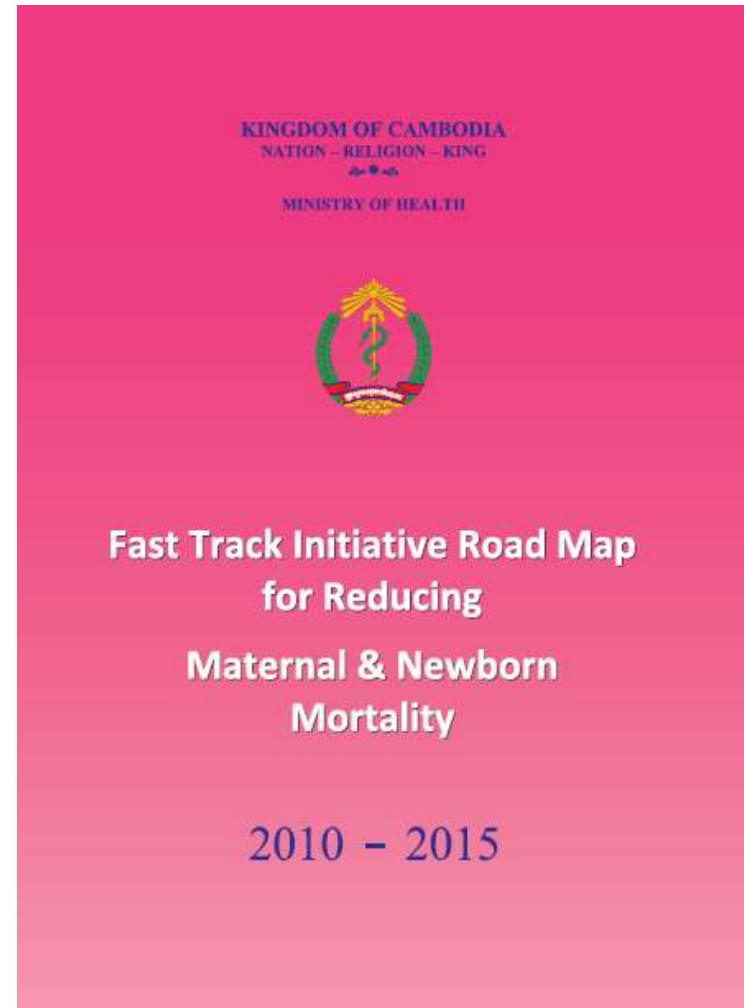
Maternal Mortality Ratio in Cambodia



*MMR development in Cambodia 1990-2010. Estimates for 1990 and 1995 from WHO, the remainder from CDHS
For 2005 and 2010 with 95% confidence intervals*

Factors Leading to Success: “It takes a village”

- Government Commitment
- “The Fast Track Initiative Roadmap for Reducing Maternal and Newborn Mortality”
- Community Leadership
- Partnerships with donors and other stakeholders



Challenges

- Improve newborn survival
- Improve links HCs \Leftrightarrow hospitals
- Improve quality of care
- Regulate private sector
- Increase FP availability
- Maternal and child nutrition



*Thank you very much for
your attention!*

